

Statement of Principles

concerning

MENIERE DISEASE AND MENIERE SYNDROME  
 (Balance of Probabilities)

(No. 69 of 2024)

The Repatriation Medical Authority determines the following Statement of Principles under subsection 196B(3) of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986*.

Dated 20 August 2024.

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| Professor Terence Campbell AM  Chairperson  by and on behalf of  The Repatriation Medical Authority |
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1 Definitions 6

1. Name

This is the Statement of Principles concerning *Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome* *(Balance of Probabilities)* (No. 69 of 2024).

1. Commencement

This instrument commences on 24 September 2024.

1. Authority

This instrument is made under subsection 196B(3) of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986*.

1. Repeal

The Statement of Principles concerning Meniere's disease No. 109 of 2015 (Federal Register of Legislation No. F2015L01329) made under subsection 196B(3) of the VEA is repealed.

1. Application

This instrument applies to a claim to which section 120B of the VEA or section 339 of the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* applies.

1. Definitions

The terms defined in the Schedule 1 - Dictionary have the meaning given when used in this instrument.

1. Kind of injury, disease or death to which this Statement of Principles relates
   1. This Statement of Principles is about Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome and death from Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome.

Meaning of **Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome**

* 1. For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, Meniere disease:
     1. means a primary (idiopathic) pathology affecting both the cochlea and the vestibular apparatus of the labyrinth on the same side with clinical manifestations of episodic attacks of:
        1. vertigo;
        2. sensorineural hearing loss; and/or
        3. tinnitus;
        4. occurring all on the same side; and
     2. includes primary endolymphatic hydrops; and
     3. excludes vestibular migraine.

Note 1: Meniere disease can lead to a progressive hearing loss that can remain in between Meniere disease episodes, and this is considered a component of Meniere disease.

Note 2: Meniere disease can occur in either ear, with the SoP being invoked twice for bilateral involvement.

* 1. For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, Meniere syndrome:
     1. means a secondary pathology permanently affecting both the cochlea, and the vestibular apparatus or the vestibulocochlear nerve on the same side with clinical manifestations of:
        1. vertigo;
        2. sensorineural hearing loss; and/or
        3. tinnitus;
        4. occurring all on the same side; and
     2. includes secondary endolymphatic hydrops; and
     3. excludes vestibular migraine.

Note: Meniere syndrome can occur in either ear, with the SoP being invoked twice for bilateral involvement.

* 1. While Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome attracts ICD‑10‑AM code H81.0, in applying this Statement of Principles the meaning of Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome is that given in subsections (2) and (3).
  2. For subsection (4), a reference to an ICD-10-AM code is a reference to the code assigned to a particular kind of injury or disease in *The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification* (ICD-10-AM), Tenth Edition, effective date of 1 July 2017, copyrighted by the Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, ISBN 978-1-76007-296-4.

Death from **Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome**

* 1. For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome,in relation to a person, includes death from a terminal event or condition that was contributed to by the person's Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome.

Note: ***terminal event*** is defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.

1. Basis for determining the factors

On the sound medical‑scientific evidence available, the Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that it is more probable than not that Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome and death from Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans or members of the Forces under the VEA, or members under the MRCA.

Note: ***MRCA***, ***relevant service*** and ***VEA*** are defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.

1. Factors that must exist

At least one of the following factors must exist before it can be said that, on the balance of probabilities, Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome or death from Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome is connected with the circumstances of a person's relevant service:

* 1. having a moderate to severe traumatic brain injury within the 3 months, before clinical onset or clinical worsening;
  2. having otosyphilis of the affected ear at the time of clinical onset;
  3. having middle ear or inner ear surgery at least 2 months before clinical onset;
  4. inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome before clinical worsening.

1. Relationship to service
   1. The existence in a person of any factor referred to in section 9, must be related to the relevant service rendered by the person.
   2. The clinical worsening aspects of factors set out in section 9 apply only to material contribution to, or aggravation of, Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome where the person's Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome was suffered or contracted before or during (but did not arise out of) the person's relevant service.
2. Factors referring to an injury or disease covered by another Statement of Principles

In this Statement of Principles:

* 1. if a factor referred to in section 9 applies in relation to a person; and
  2. that factor refers to an injury or disease in respect of which a Statement of Principles has been determined under subsection 196B(3) of the VEA;

then the factors in that Statement of Principles apply in accordance with the terms of that Statement of Principles as in force from time to time.

Schedule 1 - Dictionary

Note: See Section 6

1. Definitions
   1. In this instrument:
      1. ***Meniere disease and Meniere syndrome***—see subsection 7(2).
      2. ***MRCA*** means the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004*.
      3. ***relevant service*** means:
         1. eligible war service (other than operational service) under the VEA;
         2. defence service (other than hazardous service and British nuclear test defence service) under the VEA; or
         3. peacetime service under the MRCA.

Note: ***MRCA*** and ***VEA*** are also defined in the Schedule 1 - Dictionary.

* + 1. ***terminal event*** means the proximate or ultimate cause of death and includes the following:
       1. pneumonia;
       2. respiratory failure;
       3. cardiac arrest;
       4. circulatory failure; or
       5. cessation of brain function.
    2. ***VEA*** means the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986*.