

Statement of Principles
concerning

HEPATITIS A

No. 29 of 2007

for the purposes of the

Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986
and
Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004

Title

1. This Instrument may be cited as Statement of Principles concerning hepatitis A No. 29 of 2007.

Determination

2. The Repatriation Medical Authority under subsection **196B(2)** and **(8)** of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the VEA):
 - (a) revokes Instrument No. 41 of 1994 concerning hepatitis A; and
 - (b) determines in its place this Statement of Principles.

Kind of injury, disease or death

3.
 - (a) This Statement of Principles is about **hepatitis A** and **death from hepatitis A**.
 - (b) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, "**hepatitis A**" means infection with hepatitis A virus generally leading to inflammation of the liver. This definition excludes immunological evidence of past subclinical infections (infection without clinical symptoms).
 - (c) Hepatitis A attracts ICD-10-AM code B15.
 - (d) In the application of this Statement of Principles, the definition of "**hepatitis A**" is that given at paragraph 3(b) above.

Basis for determining the factors

4. The Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that there is sound medical-scientific evidence that indicates that **hepatitis A** and **death from hepatitis A** can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans, members of Peacekeeping Forces, or members of the Forces under the VEA, or members under the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* (the MRCA).

Factors that must be related to service

5. Subject to clause 7, at least one of the factors set out in clause 6 must be related to the relevant service rendered by the person.

Factors

6. The factor that must as a minimum exist before it can be said that a reasonable hypothesis has been raised connecting **hepatitis A** or **death from hepatitis A** with the circumstances of a person's relevant service is:
 - (a) being exposed to the hepatitis A virus between 15 and 60 days before the clinical onset of hepatitis A; or
 - (b) inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for hepatitis A.

Factors that apply only to material contribution or aggravation

7. Paragraph **6(b)** applies only to material contribution to, or aggravation of, hepatitis A where the person's hepatitis A was suffered or contracted before or during (but not arising out of) the person's relevant service.

Inclusion of Statements of Principles

8. In this Statement of Principles if a relevant factor applies and that factor includes an injury or disease in respect of which there is a Statement of Principles then the factors in that last mentioned Statement of Principles apply in accordance with the terms of that Statement of Principles as in force from time to time.

Other definitions

9. For the purposes of this Statement of Principles:

"being exposed to the hepatitis A virus" means:

- (a) consuming food or water or using eating utensils contaminated with hepatitis A virus;
- (b) being in a house or workplace with a person having hepatitis A;
- (c) receiving a transfusion of blood or blood products contaminated with hepatitis A virus;
- (d) having skin penetration by an instrument contaminated with hepatitis A virus; or
- (e) exposure to human or primate faecal material containing hepatitis A virus;

"death from hepatitis A" in relation to a person includes death from a terminal event or condition that was contributed to by the person's hepatitis A;

"ICD-10-AM code" means a number assigned to a particular kind of injury or disease in The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM), Fifth Edition, effective date of 1 July 2006, copyrighted by the National Centre for Classification in Health, Sydney, NSW, and having ISBN 1 86487 772 3;

"relevant service" means:

- (a) operational service under the VEA;
- (b) peacekeeping service under the VEA;
- (c) hazardous service under the VEA;
- (d) warlike service under the MRCA; or
- (e) non-warlike service under the MRCA;

"terminal event" means the proximate or ultimate cause of death and includes:

- (a) pneumonia;
- (b) respiratory failure;
- (c) cardiac arrest;
- (d) circulatory failure; or
- (e) cessation of brain function.

Application

10. This Instrument applies to all matters to which section 120A of the VEA or section 338 of the MRCA applies.

Date of effect

11. This Instrument takes effect from 7 March 2007.

Dated this *twenty-second* day of *February* 2007

The Common Seal of the)
Repatriation Medical Authority)
was affixed to this instrument)
in the presence of:)

KEN DONALD
CHAIRPERSON