

# REVOKED

## Determination

of

## Statement of Principles concerning

# CARDIOMYOPATHY

ICD CODES: 086.0, 425

## *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986*

1. This Statement of Principles is determined by the Repatriation Medical Authority under subsection **196B(3)** of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the Act).

### **Kind of injury, disease or death**

2. (a) This Statement of Principles is about **cardiomyopathy** and **death from cardiomyopathy**.

(b) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, “**cardiomyopathy**” means a non-inflammatory disorder of heart muscle, other than ischaemic or hypertensive disease, being described as dilated, restrictive or hypertrophic in type, in which the pathological process involves solely the myocardium, or the myocardium and the endocardium, including primary and secondary forms, attracting ICD code 086.0 or 425.

### **Basis for determining the factors**

3. On the sound medical-scientific evidence available, the Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that it is more probable than not that **cardiomyopathy** can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans or members of the Forces.

### **Factors that must be related to service**

4. Subject to clause 6, the factors set out in at least one of the paragraphs in clause 5 must be related to any relevant service rendered by the person.

## Factors

5. The factors that must exist before it can be said that, on the balance of probabilities, **cardiomyopathy** or **death from cardiomyopathy** is connected with the circumstances of a person's relevant service are:
- (a) for men, drinking at least 300kg of alcohol (contained within alcoholic drinks) within any 10 year period before the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
  - (b) for women, drinking at least 250 kg of alcohol (contained within alcoholic drinks) within any 10 year period before the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
  - (c) undergoing treatment with anthracyclines within the 12 months immediately before the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
  - (d) suffering from human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) before the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
  - (e) suffering from coxsackie myocarditis before the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
  - (f) suffering from chagasic myocarditis before the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
  - (g) suffering from Lyme disease myocarditis before the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
  - (h) suffering from rickettsial myocarditis before the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
  - (j) suffering from diabetes mellitus at the time of the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
  - (k) suffering from thyrotoxicosis or hypothyroidism at the time of the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
  - (m) suffering from sarcoidosis at the time of the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
  - (n) suffering from total lipodystrophy at the time of the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
  - (o) suffering from phaeochromocytoma at the time of the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or

- (p) suffering from systemic lupus erythematosus at the time of the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (q) suffering from polyarteritis nodosa at the time of the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (r) suffering from dermatomyositis at the time of the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (s) suffering from systemic sclerosis at the time of the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (t) suffering from haemochromatosis at the time of the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (u) being pregnant or being within the six months immediately postpartum at the time of the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (v) undergoing a course of therapeutic radiation involving the mediastinum before the clinical onset of secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (w) for men, drinking at least 300kg of alcohol (contained within alcoholic drinks) within any 10 year period before the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (x) for women, drinking at least 250kg of alcohol (contained within alcoholic drinks) within any 10 year period before the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (y) undergoing treatment with anthracyclines within the 12 months immediately before the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (z) suffering from human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) before the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (za) being infected with coxsackie B virus before the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (zb) being infected with the parasite *Trypanosoma cruzi* before the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (zc) being infected with the spirochaete *Borrelia burgdorferi* before the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or

- (zd) suffering from rickettsial myocarditis before the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (ze) suffering from diabetes mellitus at the time of the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (zf) suffering from thyrotoxicosis or hypothyroidism at the time of the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (zg) suffering from sarcoidosis at the time of the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (zh) suffering from phaeochromocytoma at the time of the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (zj) suffering from systemic lupus erythematosus at the time of the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (zk) suffering from polyarteritis nodosa at the time of the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (zm) suffering from dermatomyositis at the time of the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (zn) suffering from systemic sclerosis at the time of the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (zo) suffering from haemochromatosis at the time of the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (zp) being pregnant or being within the six months immediately postpartum at the time of the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (zq) undergoing a course of therapeutic radiation involving the mediastinum before the clinical worsening of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy; or
- (zr) inability to obtain appropriate clinical management of primary or secondary cardiomyopathy.

### **Factors that apply only to material contribution or aggravation**

6. Paragraphs **5(w) to 5(zr)** apply only to material contribution to, or aggravation of, cardiomyopathy where the person's cardiomyopathy was suffered or contracted before or during (but not arising out of) the person's relevant service; paragraph 8(1)(e), 9(1)(e) or 70(5)(d) of the Act refers.

## Other definitions

7. For the purposes of this Statement of Principles:

**“alcohol (contained within alcoholic drinks)”** is measured by the alcohol consumption calculations utilising the Australian Standard of 10 grams of alcohol per standard alcoholic drink.

**“a course of therapeutic radiation”** means one or more fractions (treatment portions) of therapeutic radiation given with the aim of achieving palliation or cure with ionising radiation;

**“being pregnant”** means having the condition of a developing embryo or foetus in the body;

**“chagasic myocarditis”** means inflammation of the muscular walls of the heart due to infection with the parasite *Trypanosoma cruzi*; attracting ICD code 086.0;

**“coxsackie myocarditis”** means myocarditis due to infection with the coxsackie B virus, attracting ICD code 074.23;

**“dermatomyositis”** means a condition in which characteristic inflammatory skin changes occur in conjunction with a chronic, nonsuppurative, progressive, inflammatory lymphocyte infiltration of skeletal muscle, attracting ICD code 710.3;

**“diabetes mellitus”** means an endocrine disease characterised by:

- (a) a fasting venous plasma glucose concentration equal to or greater than 7.8 millimoles per litre on at least two separate occasions; or
- (b) a venous plasma glucose concentration equal to or greater than 11.1 millimoles per litre both within two hours and at two hours after ingestion of 75 grams of glucose,

attracting ICD code 250;

**“haemochromatosis”** means a genetic disorder of iron storage in which an inappropriate increase in intestinal iron absorption results in the deposition of excessive quantities of iron in parenchymal cells, with eventual tissue damage and functional impairment of the organs involved, especially the liver, pancreas, heart and pituitary, and excluding acquired haemosiderosis, attracting ICD code 275.0;

**“human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)”** means infection with one of the human retroviruses HIV-1 or HIV-2 which are of the lentivirus

subfamily and are characterised by a genome containing, as well as the genes, *gag*, *pol* and *env*, at least six other genes (*tat*, *rev*, *nef*, *vif*, *vpr*, *vpu* (HIV-1 only) and *vpx* (HIV-2 only) that encode for proteins which are involved in the regulation of HIV expression, attracting ICD code 042 or 079.53;

**“hypothyroidism”** means a disease state characterized by a reduction in circulating thyroid hormones, attracting the ICD code 243 or 244;

**“ICD code”** means a number assigned to a particular kind of injury or disease in the Australian Version of The International Classification of Diseases, 9th revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM), effective date of 1 July 1995, copyrighted by the National Coding Centre, Faculty of Health Sciences, University of Sydney, NSW, and having ISBN 0 642 22235 5;

**“Lyme disease myocarditis”** means myocarditis due to infection with the spirochaete *Borrelia burgdorferi*, attracting ICD codes 088.81 and 422.0;

**“myocarditis”** means inflammation of the muscular walls of the heart, attracting ICD code 032.82, 036.43, 074.23, 093.82, 130.3, 391.2, 398.0, 422 or 429.0;

**“phaeochromocytoma”** means a tumour which produces, stores and secretes catecholamines, which are usually derived from the adrenal medulla or chromaffin cells in or about sympathetic ganglia, attracting ICD code 237.2 or 237.3;

**“polyarteritis nodosa”** means a systemic, necrotizing vasculitis affecting small and medium-sized arteries, attracting ICD code 446.0;

**“primary cardiomyopathy”** means a non-inflammatory disorder of heart muscle, being described as dilated, restrictive or hypertrophic intype, in which the pathological process involves solely the myocardium, or the myocardium and the endocardium, arising because of no obvious or known cause and is not part of a disease affecting other organs attracting ICD code in the range 425.0, 425.1, 425.2, 425.3 or 425.4;

**“relevant service”** means:

- (a) operational service; or
- (b) peacekeeping service; or
- (c) hazardous service.

**“rickettsial myocarditis”** means myocarditis due to infection with *Rickettsia rickettsii*, attracting ICD codes 082.0 and 422.0;

**“sarcoidosis”** means a chronic, progressive, systemic, granulomatous reticulosis involving almost any organ or tissue and characterized histologically by the presence in all affected organs or tissues, of noncaseating epithelioid cell tubercles, attracting ICD code 135;

**“secondary cardiomyopathy”** means a non-inflammatory disorder of heart muscle, being described as dilated, restrictive or hypertrophic in type, in which the pathological process involves solely the myocardium, or the myocardium and the endocardium, and which is the result of a known agent, disease process or condition, attracting ICD code 086.0, 425.5, 425.7, 425.8 or 425.9;

**“systemic lupus erythematosus”** means a connective tissue disease in which cells are damaged by pathogenic autoantibodies and immune complexes, attracting ICD code 710.0;

**“systemic sclerosis”** means a systemic disorder of the connective tissue characterised by induration and thickening of the skin, by fibrotic degenerative changes in various body organs, attracting ICD code 710.1;

**“therapeutic radiation”** means medical treatment by irradiation to the person with gamma rays, x-rays, alpha particles or beta particles;

**“thyrotoxicosis”** means a condition caused by excessive quantities of thyroid hormones, whether the excess results from overproduction by the thyroid gland (as in Graves' disease), originates outside the thyroid, or is due to loss of storage function and leakage from the gland, attracting ICD code 242;

“total lipodystrophy” means an autosomal recessive disorder of lipid storage, characterized by a generalized loss of subcutaneous fat and extracutaneous adipose tissue, attracting ICD code 272.6.

Dated this **Twenty-first** day of **May**  
1996

The Common Seal of the )  
Repatriation Medical Authority )  
was affixed to this instrument )  
in the presence of )

KEN DONALD  
CHAIRMAN